VOL. XXII.

city of Wheeling and Ohio county in the

that he is just at this time taking a spe-

different parts of the State for a repeal of

the law, but thinks that they were gen-

erally got up or engineered in Wheeling

inasmuch as he "saw G. O. D. of Ohio

county passing them round to the differ-

ent members." The correspondent thinks

it strange that these petitions from differ

ent parts of the State should be so gener-

ally sent to the Delegate from Ohio

OYSTER-CAN EDITING.

A Young Man's Sad Experience on

You claim that there is a class of per-

sous who do not seem to comprehend sor

of your jokes. This, as you might expres

calculated to envelop a man in the black-

ness of dispair, and to make him pray that

death may come and relieve him of his suffering, it is for him to pull the trigger

As I was saying, the oyster-can dummy

nounced in our dispatches yesterday, deserves at least passing notice from all those who remember with gratitude the early and bold stand that he took against the encroachments of the slave power in this country. He was one of the few public men of flattering prospects in early life who dared to put those prospects be-hind him and throw in his lot-on the side of a weak and despised race that had so few helpers of influence or position. Mr. HALE was originally a Democrat, and in 1843 was a Democratic member of Congress from a New Hampshire district. Just at that time the scheme for annexing Texas to the United States began to take definite shape, and Mr. HALF opposed the scheme because he saw that the idea was to convert its immense domain into slave territory. Despite this opposition to the Texas scheme, however, he was renominated by his party, and would have been again elected but for a letter that he wrote before the election came off in which he took more decided and irreconcilable ground against annexation, de- it, is sad. If there is anything in this life nonneing it as it deserved to be denounced as a great coup de main on the part of the slave interest of the country. The leaders of his party were so enraged at this letter on a right good joke, and then have some that they branded him as a traitor to the party and turned in and made another omination for Congress, the result of which was that nobody was elected that of mind who did not have [occasi term from that district, a majority being an excellent hit hang fire, owing to the required to elect a candidate. But the muggy intellectual atmosphere by which bold stand of HALE against slavery so endeared him to many people of the State of New Hampshire that by a combination of Whigs and disaffected Democrats he was elected to the United States Senstein 1846 and was the first Senator of as it were; where every article, before it the United States who ever bearded the

the United States who ever bearded the slavelion in that stropphold.

Despite oblequy, insult and social ostracism, however, he stood manfully and ably by his convictions, never swerving from the position he had taken, and solitary and alone in the Senate he begun the great contest that ended in the triumph of his principles at Appominator Court House in the spring of 1885.

After the expiration of his last term in the Senate he was sent as United States Minister to Spain. This mission was the great mistake and misfortune of his life. He became involved in a quarred with his secretary of Legation, in which serious charges affecting Mr. Hale's character were made by his subordinate, and they were never fully enough resulted to leave his name without reproach. "The cvil that men do lives after them, the good is oft interred with their bones." So let it not be with Hale, however. Although his arm want down. their bones." So let it not be with HALE however. Although his sun went down not "as sinks to rest the brightness of a summer day," yet now that he is dead it is our pleasure, if not our duty, to re-member him gratefully for the noble rec-

as soon as Mr. WILLEY had concluded, and indignantly protested against what

and indignantly protested against, what he regarded as an attempt at intimidation. He said that he could not sit still, such that the regarded as an attempt at intimidation. He said that he could not sit still, and hear such an intimation without uttering his rebuke at the very idea of recaisiving a people, already free, for no crime of their own, but simply because white rebels were to be dealt with according to the laws of war. In the course of his remarks he uttered the following expressions:

"I laugh to scorn all attempts and all threats at re-enlaving this people. I tell you cannot be done. I believe, sir, that the Almighty, sitting on the throne of eleranic lattice would preclaim in thunder tones that States, no least that individuals, would hear, that the great and eternal principles of indemental justice could not be outsided and an according to the laws of war. I have been attended to the said in the said whole people and a whole related the object of the said in th

struggle. They serve to show how steadjoke was an agonizing one, and the per-petrator should have been taken im-

excellent material for making boxes. The joke was an agonizing one, and the persuance is and consistent he was to the end, and that even the terrors of the rebellion and all its possible consequences, did not determine the line of duty upon which he had set his feet firmly many years before. Now that the long and terrible struggle has eaded and faces away on our view in the past, so that we hardly appreciate it any longer, we feel a prompting like that which impelled Old Mortality to visit the grayes of the Covenanters, to keep this brave man's name forever green on his tombstone.

Excellent material for making boxes. The joke was an agonizing one, and the persuance of any contract of the was no occasion for the general indignation which ensued in financial circles. Complaints were made during the day to every man employed on the paper, coupled with threats of withdrawal of patronage. So we all tried our hands at a mollifler, and the past, so that we hardly appreciate that which impelled Old Mortality to visit the grayes of the Covenanters, to keep this brave man's name forever green on his tombstone.

The steamer Ossepec, from Newport, passed in Thursday morning for the Norlok Navy Yard.

Eventually into the woods and shot; but it mediately into the woods and shot; but it mediately into the woods and shot; but it was neitter materious of dangerous, and there was no occasion for the general indicate our made during the day to every man employed on the paper, coupled with threats of the destitution attending the sourge. The was no occasion for the general indicate our made during the day to every man employed on the paper, coupled with threats of the destitution attending the courge. The was no occasion for the general indicate our made during the day to every man employed on the paper, coupled with threats of Charleson railroad will be revised the mediately into the woods and shot; but it was neitter made during the day to every man employed on the mean extraction at the destitution attending the courge. The wa

The Wheeling Intelligencer.



WHEELING, WEST VA., FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER, 21, 1873.

DAVENPORT, the irrepressible, must be a busy man at Charleston, as we see that he takes a full hand in the House of Delegates in the way of motions and all sorts of suggestions. We presume that he not only attends to all the business of the city of Wheeling and Ohio county, in the see fair play, got out his revolver, and see fair play, got out his revolver, and city of Wheeling and Ohio county in the see fair play, got out his revolver, and lower house, but also that of all the other counties. The Wetzel county Vindicashot at him. Pumple said it was all right

tor's Charleston correspondent charges cial interest in the repeal of the liquor law.

The Situation After Two Months of Panic - What Will it Be in Two Months More? [From the Philadelphia Ledger of the 19th] He says that petitions are coming in from Yesterday was the 18th day of Novem ber, exactly five months from the time of the failure of Jay Cooke & Co., followed closely by the failure of several other large banking houses, banks and trust companies. Many millions of dollars were involved in these failures, and not a few involved in these failures, and not a few millions in market values were swept out of existence. Hundreds have been carried to irretrievable ruin, and great pecuniary distress has been imposed upon thous sands who had felt reasonably secure in a competence for life. The industrial interests of the country have telt a severe shock, but so vast is our wealth and so recovered the externite that characterizes. shock, but so vast is our wealth and so vigorous the enterprise that characterizes almost every department of industry, we are already, in these two short months, fast assuming our normal condition, and in two months more trade and credit will have been so nearly established as to leave scarcely a trace of the crisis that exemped our the times of formidable and in. leave scarcely a frace of the crisis that seemed for the time so formidable and in its counsequences threatened to be so lasting. The financial position is much improved. Money its, in 'cisty' command and at moderate rates. The banks are all paying out treaty of currency, so that almost all premium, upon it is lost Traffic of all kinds is reviving, a sure evidence that prices for the present have

noodle ask him what he is aiming at. But there never was an editor of a bnoyancy muggy intellectual atmosphere by which The from workers and the manufactures of all sorts who had abut their doors upon their thousands of employes are in some cases recalling them, and the tone and temper all around indicates a cheerfulness that cannot fail to dispel all apprehension of want or distress. There is not become a transportant in the amount of the contraction I devoted some of the best endeavors of my young manhood to a newspaper at ness that cannot fail to dispel all apprehension of want or distress. There is not only an improvement in the amount of business doing, but there is an assured feeling that there will be no going back on the advance made. The cotton and western produce markets are gradually emerging from the depression they suffered a fortnight ago, and with a good market abroad will be found-and admirable support for all home interests. Stock prices are also greatly assured, so that a manifest "bull" interest in most securities is now recognized in almost all stock princely concerns, where the whole machinery is run by one ponderous engine,

the paper, for as soon as the foreman of the composing room heard the rattle of the elevator, he went to the box, cleaned it to ut and hung the contents on the copy hooks for the printers. This he did without close inspection, for he was also proof reader, and got to see the news in the performance of his duties in this respect. He hadn't much of a literally appetite, anyhow.

This arrangement gave true \$5,000,000. Since Oct. I the expenditures the excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts, and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the receipts, and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the rattle of this excess is increasing each day. At the same time the estimates of receipts and the hooks for the printers. This he did without close inspection, for he was also proof modern times.

As a part of this record we shall never forget the speech he made in the U.S. Senste as late as 1863 in answer to Senste 1862 in answer to Senste 1862 in answer to Senste 1863 in answer to Senste 1864 in the bill confiscating the slaves of disloyal owners was under discussion. Mr. Willey opposed the bill and in opposing it intimated that in case it passed the State of Virginia, which State he was then representing, would enslave the negroes already free, by way of retaliation. Not that he favored such a measure, but that it might be done evertheless. Mr. Hals rose to his feet same as Mr. Willey had concluded served the same was soon as Mr. Willey had concluded served the same was soon as Mr. Willey had concluded in the local served the same was to get a little printing done. I am not sure but this reciprocity policy is carried out in other newspaper offices throughout the length and breath of this samount. Will be fees by several millions than its or dealer news in the performance of his duties in this respect. He hadn't much of a literally appetite, anyhow.

This arrangement gave tone to the parameter of this mind was rather in the line of job work. As a lournalist, he was devotedly attached to job work—so much so, we sometimes the printing done. I am had to do to secure press indoors, must at country must at once become oppressive. The propertor wrote anyhow.

This arrangement gave tone to the parameter of this mind was rather in the line of job work. As a lournalist, he was devotedly attached to job work—so much so, we sometimes the printing done. I am had to do to secure press indoors—any must be cut down and taxation increased to make the present financial condition of nalist be it said, however, he never read his paper.

Cost of LIVING IN THE SOUTH.-The

Peter Burgett, a wealthy planter, residing on Cat Island, twenty-five miles below here, while riding home on Tuesday atternoon, accompanied by Major W. G. Godshaw, was shot by an assaain concealed in the cane, and instantly killed. Major Godshaw was dangerously wounded, the weapon used being a shot gun loaded with buckshot. Certain parties are suspected, but as yet there has been no arrests.

BY TELECRAPH. ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

Exclusively to the Intelligencer.

CUBA.

KROSTON, JAMIACA, Nov. 10.—There was no concealment made of the actual errand of the Virginius while she was here. It was notorious that the officers here. It was notorious that the oliners had dealed reporters on board, and that public meetings were held in honor of Cuban independence, at which Conseguer of the Virginius occupied the chair. The steamer was repaired while in port, and coaled at the expense of the Cuban refuges. While at Port Au-Prince several lampies merchants (all colored) on board. Jamaica merchants (all colored) on board Jamaica merchants (all colored) on board
the Virginius, became frightened and
ran away, but they were dragged from
their place of concealment and delivered over to the officers of the Virginius,
by whom they were taken on board and
put in irons, and an forced to go in this
perilous adventure. Capt. Weather, of
the British steamer Brilliant, reports that
less before the Virginius was captured Just before the Vrginius was captured Varnoa advised the firing of the powder magazine and blow up the yessel rather than they should falls into the hands of the Spaniarsd. But the captain persuaded and convinced General Varona that being under the American flag and hat being under the American flag an in neutral waters, they would not dare t touch any man on board. Varona and his followers thereupon became satisfied and shortly after an officer from the Tor-nado boarded the Virginfus and demand-ed her papers. The officer stated that they were correct, but made all on board prisoners. Varona replied that he was a prisoner because there was not an Eog-lish or American manaform near lost. ish or American man-of-war near witness this scandal on the laws of na-tions. He added that he could have tions. He added that he could have blown up the yessel, with all on board, but he had not done so, since his papers were correct and she had not been seized in Cuban waters. The American flag was, he considered, their protection, and he surrendered, he said, under the protection of that flag. He, believed he would be victimized, since the Spanish government had all along hated him. ernment had all along hated him.

Capt. McArthur witnessed the execu-tion of Ryan, Varona, Jesus Delsol and Pedro Cespedis and gives the following account: The Spaniards forced Cespedis and Jesus Delsol to kneel, in which posi-tions they were shot in the back. The soldiers next directed Ryan and Varona to kneel in the same way, but they retus-ed and were seized and thrown down and handcuffed. All the time the two vic-tims begad their tormentors to allow handcuffed. All the time the two vic-tims begged their termenters to allow them to die standing, and having offered further resistance they were shot stand-ing. Fifteen officers of the Spanish army who had been made prisoners on the ba-tle field by Varons, were present when he landed and went to the Governor of the city and begged that his life should be spared since he had given them theirs. The acting American Consul on hearing that Ryan was to be, shot; waited on the The soung American Coust of heart that Ryan was to be shot waited on the Governor and demanded his restoration as an American citizen, but the Governor relused to listen, on the ground that the Consul was not well informed in regard to matters. The Spaniards informed the Consul that they were acting on their

to matters. The Spaniards informed the Consul that they were acting on their own responsibility and did not even intend communicating with Madrid.

New Yong, Nov. 20.—The Tribune has information that the demonstration over the capture of the Virginius and the execution of the passengers at Hawana has greatly subsided: The news of the second slaughter at Santiago, has not been received with the same enthusiasm. peen received with the same enthusiasm been received with the same enthusiasm, though nearly every one expressed satisfaction. Javeller was understood to be strongly in favor of the course taken with the captives at Santiago, and it was apparentithe change in the public sentiment was being wrought on. A number of prominent citizens expressed regret that the executions had been performed so hastily. In private conversations it is apparent that many were doubtful of the wisdom of the hasty executions.

Weather Report. WAR DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICE WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 20.—8:00 p. m.

For the Northwest and Upper Lakes and thence to Missouri and Kentucky, southerly winds, rising temperature and cloudy weather with occasional rain on

West Virginia, westerly and southwester-ly winds, partly cloudy and cold weather. For Tennessee and the Western Gulf, For Tennessee and the Western Gui, southerly, winds, increasing cloudiness and higher temperature with occasional rain for to morrow.

For the Eastern Guif and South Atlantic States, northwesterly winds veering to southerly, low but slowly and rising tem-

perature and clear weather.
For the Middle and Eastern States, northwesterly winds and clear and cold

SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Nov. 20.—The testi-mony in the U.S. Oircuit Court in the case of Harris, first mate on the steamer Sunrise, was concluded this evening, and the argument will commence to morrow. Captain Clarke testified for the prisoner,

denying in toto the greater portion of the testimony of the sailors about the cruelties practiced on board the vessel.

A son of Sheriff Morse, of Oakland, has been accused of arson, setting fire to and destroying McLure's Military Academy, in that place a lew weeks since. Morse in that place a few weeks since. Morse arrested his son himself. The boy had been a student in the Academy.

An entire block in the town of Eureks

An entire block in the town of metal, Nev., was burned to-day. Loss \$30,000. The Eureka Sentinel office was destroyed. A slight shock of an earthquake was felt in this city last night.

PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Nov. 20 .- A defalosthat Mr. Finney has been using funds of the King with the word in the accounts of Robert Finney, Secretary of the Eureka and Boatsman's Marine and Fire Assurance Companies of this city to-day, which will probably reach \$175,000. It is said that Mr. Finney has been using funds of these Companies for some years in private.

NEW YORK CITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The Aldermen have voted the Departments of Public Works and Parks one million dollars each to furnish work for unemployed labor-ers. The recently elected members of the Legislature have appointed a com-mittee to confer with the heads of departmittee to conier with the heads of departments about work.

The police have thus far failed to find Sharkey, the convicted murderer, who escaped from the Tombs, but have secured the woman who was his daily vis-

Captain Manhenegero, of the Arapelles. has received orders from the home government to get ready for sea at the earliest moment possible and proceed to Cuba. He expects his vessel to be out of the dry dock in thirty days, when nothing will remain to be done except to take her counter and armyment.

powder and armament.

Of the six passengers arrested on the steamer City of New York at Havana, three were women, and one a neice of Almada. An extensive correspondence was found secreted about their clothing. By this correspondence many persons on the Island, hitherto unsuspected, were implicated, and as the Moro Castle left Havana they were being shot without powder and armament. Havana they were being shot without mercy. It was estimated that about 40

The Associated Banks hold \$31,030,000 in legal tenders, an increase since yesterday of \$1,205,000. £55,000 in specie were received at the Assay office to-day.

The Clearing House Association is now in session, having under consideration the report of the committee of nine. Few seem to think the report will be adopted, whatever other disposition may be made of it.

night Her husband is now in Germany.
The Clearing House meeting to-day lasted three hours, and the discussions

lasted three hours, and the discussions were quite warm. A motion was made to lay the report of the committee of nine on the table, which was voted down by 50 ayes to 18 nays. Then it was moved that the report be postponed 60 days, which was rejected by a vote of 40 to 18.

Mr. Vail, of the Bank of Commerce, then formally withdrew from the meeting, and was followed by the representatives of the Metropolitan, Grocers', and State of New York Banks.

All of the above banks are opposed to reform measurea. Afterwards the Fourth National and Mercantile Banks left the meeting in consequence of the business at their respective banking houses. Then each bank was called upon for an expression of opinion. A vote was taken on the report as

whole. The vote on this stood-nays 17 ayes 48
The articles of the Association were

Article 20 was amended so as to read as follows: No member of the Clearing House Association shall be allowed to re-House Association shall be allowed to redeem the checks of any association, corporation, firm or individual, excepting
upon regularly incorporated banks, located in the cities of New York, Brooklyn,
Jersey City and Hoboken, which banks
shall be subject to an examination of their
condition by a committee of the Clearing
House whenever deemed necessary.
Section 3 of article 22 was amended to
read as follows: That it will not receive

read as follows: That it will not receive read as follows: That it will not receive upon deposit as each from dealers checks drawn otherwise than upon banks which are members of this Association or upon such regularly incorporated banks as here-totore provided by article 20.

A motion was made to allow three per A motion was made to allow three per cent interest on deposits, which was voted down by a large majority. Article No. 23 was stricken out, as the National Bank law provides for a necessary reserve. The feeling was very strong against the certification of cheeks and paying interest on deposits. The banks will meet again on Tuesday next, to finally dispose of the report.

of the report.

Benjamin Warner, a curbstone broker Benjamin Warner, a curbstone broker, was to-day arrested for having \$375,000 of United States bonds in his possession, supposed to be a portion of those stolen two years ago from Loyazo, Treasurer of the Cuban Junts. Warner states that he received the bonds from one Andrew J. Parker, who also has been arrested.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 20.—Gov. Noyes, Attorney General Pond, and Auditor Williams, pursuant to a joint resolution of the legislature, conferred with the trustees of Longview Lunatic Asylum rustees of Longview Lunatic Asylum and the county commissioners to-day with reference to the purchase of the Asylum by the State. The matter will assume a definite shape to-morrow.

The warehouse for school and church furniture of Geo. H. Graut, at Richmond, Ind., was consumed by fire this morning. Loss estimated at \$5,000. Insurance—Phenix, of Brooklyn, \$2,000; Allemanie, of Pittsburgh, \$1,500; Franklin, of Philadelphia, \$1,000.

A. Mr. Durough and a Mr. Hutchinson, two young men from Williamshure, Cler.

A Mr. Durough and a Mr. Hutchinson, two young men from Williamsburg, Clermont county, came to this city to buy clothing, and on their way home, several miles from the city, took from a barn a bottle containing as they supposed brandy, and drank of it. Both grow sick, and in an hour or two both died. It is supposed the bettle contained here residing

LOUISVILLE, KY., Nov. 20.—A member of the Standing Committee of the Diocese ance Companies of this city to-day, which will probably reach \$175,000. It is said that Mr. Finney has been using funds of the that Mr. Finney has treative to Bishop Cammins' withdrawal from his work in Kentucky and from the Episcopal Church, which is of the lightest authority. The letter says the Bishop acted that Mr. Finney has been using funds of the that Mr. Finney has been using funds of the that Mr. Finney has treative to Bishop Cammins' withdrawal from his work in Kentucky has received a letter from a prominent clergyman. It is said work in Kentucky and from the Episcop all Church, which is of the Episco

Washington, November, 20.—This report shows that the aggregated receipts from all sources for the year ending June last, exclusive of the direct tax npon lands and duty upon the capital, circulation and deposits of National Banks, were \$114,075,456. This amount includes sums refunded and allowed in draw-backs. The total amount of the latter was \$253. sums refunded and allowed in draw-backs. The total amount of the latter was \$52,346. On spirits, tobacco and general merchandise there were refunded for taxes illegally collected \$618,667. The receipts from several sources relating to

distilled spirits were for 1872, \$49,47 516 and for 1873, \$52,099,371. Incres

516 and for 1873, \$53,999,371. Increase tin receipts from gallon tax on distilled spirits was \$10,031,370, and from special tax of Rectifiers and Dealers in Liquor \$1,094,284.

A part of this increase was, however, offset by a loss of nearly \$400,000—during e last year by a reduction of the value of the stamps on spirits, and by further losses of over \$8,000,000—by repeal of certain taxes relating to spirits, leaving a balance of little more than \$2,500,000 increase in receipts from all sources relating to spirits. The production of spirits during the year ending June 80, 1873, from materials other than fruits was 68,338,567 galrials other than fruits was 68,236,567 gal

Havana they were being shot without mercy. It was estimated that about 40 patriots on various portions of the Island had met this fate.

G. Warner, a Wall street broker, and a druggist named Parker were arrested last evening, charged with having in their possession forty thousand dollars worth of stolen U. S five-twenties, which they were effering for sale at twenty cents on the dollar.

During the year just closing 152 lives have been lost in the Gloucester fishery, and 24 vessels of an aggregate tonnage of 1237 and \$110,000 in value have been swallowed up by the waves.

The Associated Banks hold \$31,680,000 tured tobacco of all descriptions of \$1 tured tobacco of all descriptions of \$1,172,917, and there was an increase in the
total receipts for the manufacture and
sale of tobacco, sauff and cigars, in all
their forms, over receipts from same
sources for preceding year, of \$650,132.
One hundred and sixteen millions, four
hundred, and fifty thousand, nine hundred
and thirty-four pounds, are given as the
setual product of the year, so far as such
product has been reported, which shows The stery that one Roman, a member of the 7th Regiment, New York Millita, has been arrested at Havana and shot, was been arrested at Havana and shot, was monugh to send gold up and stocks down. Matter quieted soon atterwards.

Commodore Vanderbilt declines to receive the delegation of railroad engineers, alleging that he cannot control the wages of employes.

The wife of D. 18 to the state of the year, so far as such product has been reported, which shows The number of cigars, cheroots, &c., on which taxes were collected for fiscal year and year, so far as such product has been reported, which shows The number of cigars, cheroots, &c., on which taxes were collected for fiscal year and year, so far as such product has been reported, which shows The number of cigars, cheroots, &c., on which taxes were collected for fiscal year, and year, so far as such product has been reported, which shows The number of cigars, cheroots, &c., on which taxes were collected for fiscal year, and year,

The aggregate receipts for last year exceeded the Commissioner's estimate by \$4,075, 456. It is estimated that the to-\$4,075, 456. It is estimated that the total receipts for the current fiscal year will be \$100,000,000. The plan adopted of abolishing the offices of Assessors and Assistant Assessors reduced expenses \$1,002,837 lower than was estimated. The reduction under the "Eighty district plan" was \$1,000,000 lower than the appropriation for 1873 under the old system. Estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1874 show a further reduction of \$0.455, or \$1,069,468 less than the appropriation for 1873, and \$1,072,285 less than the estimate for 1874 on the "Eighty district plan."

smounts ranging from \$2,500 to \$5,000, and Supervisors salaries at \$4,000 per anand Supervisors salaries at \$4,000 per annum. He repeats the suggestion contained in his report of November 1871, viz: that Section 44 of the Act of July 20, 1868, be amended by making the minimum pensity a fine of not less than \$1,000 and six months imprisonment. He also recommends legislation limiting the time to July 1864, within which documentary stamps, issued under Schedule B, of greater denomination than 2 cents may be presented for redemption.

greater denomination than 3 cents may be presented for redemption.

The report concludes with the suggestion made in the last annual report, viz: that the amendment of June 6, 1873, to Section 59 of the Act of July 30, 1868, relating to special taxes of dealers in liquors, should be made more explicit.

Annual Meeting of the American Iron and Steel Association.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—The annua Association was held here to day, Sam'l J. Reeves, President, in the chair. The Secretary submitted a statistical report, embracing a general review of the iron trade. It states that the present financial crisis has destroyed the whole business, and that the prices of iron have declined, reaching in some lines far below the cost of production. At the beginning of November fully one-third of the furnaces and mills were idle, and by the end of the month one-half of the furnaces will be blown out. The pail mills are bared or blown out. The nail mills are bare of or-ders and their stock of pig iron is accu-mulating, with no sales at any price. Thousands of iron workers are out of Thousands of iron workers are out of work, and those yet employed have accepted a reduction of fifteen per cent in their wages. Under these circumstances, says the report, it is proper to consider whether it is wise to continue the encouragement of importation of foreign iron twice repeated by Congress in reducing the duties within the past four years. An increase of the duty on pig iron from \$6.30 to \$0 per ton, and proportionately on other classes would be a wise measure of relief by Congress. It is better to have a reduced revenue than cold and hunger in the homes, of American workingmen.

ican workingmen.

Resolutions were adopted attributed the resolutions were adopted attributed the past prosperity of the fron trade of the country to the tariff policy of the Government which has lostered home industry; asking Congress to adopt a financial system adequate to the largely increased and interesting the state of the largely increased and interesting the state of the largely increased and increasing business of the country; declar-ing the reduction of ten per cent of duing the reduction of ten per cent of di-ties by the last Congress unwise; asking Congress for a revision of the National bank system and means for an adequate supply of currency; declaring that the custom laws should have uniform con-struction at all U. S. ports; denouncing free trade in shire; effirming that the free trade in ships; affirming that the bankrupt law should be so amended as to In an hour or two both died. It is supposed the bottle contained horse medicine. The Withdrawai of Bishop Cummins being thrown into bankruptcy.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y , Nov. 20.—The canal froze here last night, and the ice is two inches thick. Four or five hundred boats are frozen in between here and Buffalo, loaded with corn, wheat, apples potatoes and lumber. But few boat passed yesterday. The loe breaker was in operation yesterday and is expected here to-day. The prospects for further navigation is bad.

Schooner Ashere. Oswago, November 20.—The schooner Westwide, from Milwankes, with wheat went ashore under Fort Ontario. The crew were taken off in life boats. NO. 77.

FOREIGN. SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 20 .- It is officially an-

MADRID, Nov. 20.—It is officially announced that the effective Spanish force in Cuba numbers 54,000 men.

MADRID, Nov. 20.—Senor Pieltain, late Captain General of Cuba, arrived in this city to-day and has since been in close consultation with President Castelar. The report that Senor Solor, Colonial Minister, who was sent on a special mission to Cuba, has been summoned to return immediately to Spain, is contradicted.

The Imparcial asserts that the Virginius was openly equipped in the port of

ius was openly equipped in the port of

New York.

The Spanish press generally praise President Grant's moderation in reserving for Congress the settlement of the questions which have arisen between the United States and Spain.

Herald Cable Special.] MADRID, Nov. 20.—The situation is grave. There is a serious misunderstanding between Minister Sickles and the Spanish Cabinet. On the arrival of the news of the capture of the Virginius, President Castelar called at the U. S. Leguin and expressed versus and ordered gation and expressed regret, and ordered a suspension of sentence. When Secrea suspension of sentence. When Secretary Fish telegraphed the news of the execution, General Bickles sent a note at 3 o'clock in the morning demanding a stay. The foreign Secretary answered questioning the accuracy of the information, and intimating that General Sickles' action was not authorized. Thereupon General Sickles, in the name of the United States, addressed as formal protest. General Sickles, in the name of the United States, addressed a formal protest against the inhuman butchery and insult to the United States flag, and demanded that Spain should enforce obedience to her orders in Cuba, and insisted on the rights of Americans to trial under treaty of 1786. He complained that the American Consul at Santiago was prevented from using the telegraph to Washington. The Spanish Secretary answered that the matter the telegraph to Washington. The Span-ish Secretary answered that the matter was wholly a municipal affair between Spain and the Virginius pirates and Spain could not tolerate American interference. The interview ended by Gen. Sickles de-manding that Spain should enforce the order of the Cabinet to Cuba for a sus-pension of executions.

pension of executions.

The Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs haughtily declined to permit Gen. Sickles to discuss the municipal affairs of Cuba, and the interview terminated an-Cuba, and the interview terminated angrily, Gen. Sickles saying he would hold no more personal, only official relations with that Minister. Public feeling runs high. The Spaniards blame the United States for the Cuban insurrection, and say they will welcome war.

Minister Sickles says does not see how war can be avoided as Spain will concede.

war can be avoided as Spain will conced war can be avoided as Spain will concede nothing, and public opinion will prevent President Casteler from making any con-concessions. There is no use in the United States trifling any more on the subject, Spanish stubborness making con-cessions impossible. The extreme Re-publicans favor the views of the United States in the affair.

ROME, Nov. 20.—The Pope to day de liaered an address to the foreign students about to leave for their homes in conseabout to leave for their homes in consequence of the religious institution of which they were inmates. He warned the Americans among them by complete and almost excessive liberty to which they would soon be expose, but at the same time drew a contrast petween non-interference with the church in their country, and the persecutions to which it was subjected in the German empire.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—The Bank of England to-day fixed the minimum rate of discount at 8 per cent.

Liverroot, Nov. 20.—A committee of the Cotton Brokers Association will meet daily to officially decide the number of bales sold, tone of the market and quotations.

PARIS, Nov. 20 .- Immediately after the FARS, NOV. 20.—Immediately alief the adjournment of the Assembly last night, the members of the Cabinet tendered their resignation. President McMahon refused to accept them, and begged them to retain them until a new cabinet is formed

St. Petersburg, Nov. 20 .- The Neva is frozen over, and there has been a heavy snow storm in this section of Russia.

Testing Boilers at Pittsburgh. Pirtsburgh, Nov. 20.—The secon day's examinations by the Governmen Commissioners were continued to-da day's examinations by the Government Commissioners were continued to-day upon the ordinary single valve boiler. The valve was removed and the aperture closed. The highest pressure obtained was two hundred and ten pounds. Owing was two induced and increasing escape of steam from various parts of the boiler, further attempts were abandoned, until it is caulked. The experiments to morrow will be made upon the boiler manufactured in this city of United States brand of iron. of iron.

Fatal Quarrel.

Sr. Louis, Nov. 20 —In a quarrel be-tween John Burgess, a fireman, and Jas A. Allsbire, mate on the steamer Liberty A. Alssire, mate on the steamer Liberty, on Tuesday night last, the latter beat the lormer over the head with an oar, from the effects of which he died. Allshire disappeared after the fight, and has not been seen since. The Liberty is an Ohio river steamer. Burgess lived at Middle-

Cattle Drover Robbed.

Buffalo, Nov. 20.—A thef snatched the pocket book of C. F. Fullinger, an Ohio cattle drover, from the counter of the Marine Bank, containing a check drawn by L. f.. Croker for \$6,000 and valuable papers. All persons are warned against negotiating the check.

Fire-Suicide.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Nov. 20.—The residence of A. W. Walker and the outhouses on his plantation, eight miles below this city, were burned this evening. Kick, a German shoemaker, sui-

cided here to-day by shooting himself Indicted for Murder.

HARRISHURG, PA, Nov. 20.—Rosen-stein and Moodie, arrested on the charge of killing Abraham Beam at Middletown, together with Davis and Preston, held as accessories, were all indicted to-day.

Funeral of Hon. John P. Hale. DOVER, N. H., Nov. 20.—The funeral of the late John P. Hale will take place from the Unitarian Church here Saturday.

The Weekly Intelligencer

A large sheet containing all the CURRENT NEWS, MISCELL'ANEOUS, LITTER ARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE AND VALLUABLE READING FOR

Clubs of Five 1 (Clubs of Five 1 (Clubs of Five 1 (Clubs of Five 1 (Clubs of Fittern 1

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Evidence accumulates that the Cuban matters will require much correspondence and consequent delay. It is asserted in prominent quent delay. It is asserted in prominent quarters that no complication need be leared, as the Administration sees its way clear, and while war will be averted, the probability is that Cuba will be free.

The remains of Mrs. Stanton, widow the late Secretary Stanton, were brought to Washington to-day, and deposited in Oak Hill Cemetery with those of her husband.

The Navy Department is ordering the officers of the Franklin, Colorado, Brooklyn and Dictator soon to sail for Ouban

vaters. The Secretary of State has received the

"HAVANA, Nov. 18 -The Consulate at "HAVANA, NOV. 18—The Consulate at Santiago reports, under date of the 18th, that the total number of executions of persons from the Virginius was fitty-three, and that there had been no executions since the 8th inst. The statements published here on the 14th respecting fifty-seven additional executions prove to be uniture."

untrue."
The Secretary of the Interior affirmed The Secretary of the Interior affirmed the decision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, that no more than one quarter of a section of land can be entered by one individual, under the act of March 3, 1873, to enlarge the growth of timber. The Secretary also affirms the decision of Commissioner Drummond, requiring parties to pay a fee of ten dollars additional entry, under the soldiers homestead act March 3, 1873, and requiring parties making such additional entry to appear in person at the local office and make the necessary application and affidavit.

—Two large locomotive works at Paterson, N. J., have offered to resume work if their late employes will consent to a reduction of wages.

Between Utica and Troy, N. Y., there are at least 125,000 barrels of spples, 75,000 barrels of grain, detained by the sudden closing of the canal. The auditor of the canal department has given orders to superintendents of sections to use every effort to get the boats through.

While a nurse in the city hospital at

—While a nurse in the city hospital at Boston was auffering from polson, taken with a view of ending her life, Arthur Foster, a young physician, was called to attend her. He prescribed for hysteria. Learning afterwards that the woman had taken poison, and died from the effects, he became so chagrianed that he killed himself.

Amusements.

HAMILTON'S OPERA HOUSE. fr. JAMES FITZSIMMONS.... Lessee and Manager

This FRIDAY NIGHT, Nov. Sist, the TAR COMPANY OF POPULAR PAVORITES will appear for the first and only time this season in the great Moral Orama, as per-formed at the New York Th. atres for over 140 consecutive nights, entitled

THE DRUNKARD

Mr. Milton Nobles, Mr. Harry Clifford, Mr. John Sutton, Mis-Mary St. vens, and all the Company in the plays to-night, Also the great Comic Play of

TEMPTATION! Harry Clifford in a glorious Character.

Ssturday Matinee 2:30 P. M. A Brilliant Matiee Bill. Saturday N ght the New Play of "The
Yorkingmen of wice:ing, or Labor and Capital.

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NEW BOOKS. The Land of Moab-By H. B. Tristam, cloth Apollos, or the Way of God-By Bishop Core, Apolios, or the way of code_by history code, clo h § 150.

Against the Ftream—By author "Schomberg Cotta Family," cloth § 175.

Crooked Places—By Edward Garrett, cloth § 175.

Arthur Bonnicastle—By J. G. Holland, cloth § 175.

Bester Morley's Promise—By Heaba Stretton, cloth § 175.

bparas Among the Ashes—By Rev. F. C. Peasson, cloth § 150.

Principles of Mental Hygiens—By Dr. Gorton, clots § 150.

Frinciples of Mental Hyglens-By Dr. Gerton, clots \$1.75.

Feter Stayvesant -By J. S. C. Abbott, cloth \$1.80.

Beyond the Breakers-By Robert Dale Owen, paper \$1.00.

Blanche Seymour-A Novel-paper 75c.

Carmens Inheritance -By Uhristian Reid, paper 75c.

Miss Dorothy's Chargo-By Frank Lee Benedict, paper \$1.00.

bita-gers and Pilgrims-By Miss Braddon, paper 75c.

Character of St. Paul-By Dean Howson, cloth \$1.75. The American St. Paul—By Dean Howson, cloth \$1.75.
Pillars of the House—By Charlotte M. Yonge, cloth \$1.90. \$2.50.
Cloth \$1.00. \$2.50.
Cloth \$2.00. \$2.50.
Cloth \$2.00. \$2.50.
A Journey to the Contre of the Earth—By Jules Verne, cloth \$2.00.
The Yackt Cloth \$2.00.
Marjorie Daw—By F. B. Aldrich, cloth \$1.50.
Marjorie Daw—By F. B. Aldrich, cloth \$1.50.

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